PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DECLINES TO DISMISS THE FOREMAN.

Gives Out a Statement After Conferring with Mitchell, Gompers and Other Labor Leaders.

SAYS HE MUST OBEY LAWS

CANNOT TAKE SIDES FOR OR AGAINST LABOR UNIONS.

He Is President of the Whole Country and Cunnot Discriminate Between Creed, Color or Occupation.

MILLER CANNOT BE DISMISSED BE-CAUSE OF NONUNIONISM.

Question of His Unfitness as a Bookbinder Must Be Settled in Routine of Administrative Detail.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.-An important conference took place at the White House to-night between President Roosevelt and ave members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, including Mr. Gompers and Mr. Mitchell, head of the miners' union, during which the case of Foreman W. A. Miller, of the Government Printing Office, who was dismissed because he had been expelled by the local bookbinders' union and afterward was reinstated by direction of the President, was the principal topic of discussion. The conference was granted at the request of the later, shooting to kill." labor leaders. The Miller case was very fully presented by the members of the executive council, at the close of which the President made a statement in which he announced that his decision not to dismiss Miller was final and that the question of his personal fitness must be settled in the regular routine of administration.

The statement in full is as follows: THE STATEMENT.

"Pursuant to the request of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation view this evening to the following members of the executive council of that body:

"Mr. Samuel Gompers, Mr. James Dun-can, Mr. John Mitchell, Mr. James O'Connell and Mr. Frank Morrison, at which various subjects of legislation in the interest of labor, as well as executive action, were discussed. Concerning the case of William A. Miller, the President made the following

"I thank you and your committee for your courtesy, and I appreciate the oppority to meet with you. It will always be pleasure to see you or any representative of your organizations or of your federam as a whole. As regards the Miller case, I have little to add to what I have already said. In dealing with it I ask you to remember that I am dealing purely with the relation of the government to its employes. I must govern my action by the laws of the land which I am sworn to administer, and which differentiate any case in which the government of the United States is a party from all other cases whatsoever. These laws are enacted for the benefit of the whole people, and cannot and must not be construed as permitting discrimination against some of the people. I am President of all the people of the United States, without regard to creed, color, birthplace, occupation or social conditions. My aim is to do equal and exact justice as among them all. In the employment and dismissal of in the government service I can no more recognize the fact that a man does or does not belong to a union as being for or against him than I can recognize the fact that he is a Protestant or a Catholic, a Jew or a gentile, as being for or against

"In the communications sent me by varitention of Miller in the Government Printing Office the grounds alleged are two-fold: First, that he is a nonunion man; second, that he is not personally fit. The on of his personal fitness is one to be settled in the routine of administrative detail, and cannot be allowed to conflict with or to complicate the larger question of overnmental discrimination for or against him or any other man because he is or is not a member of a union. This is the only question now before me for decision; and as to this my decision is final."

THE COUNCIL'S LETTER. The members of the executive council attending the conference constituted the subcommittee appointed to take up the Miller case at the meeting of the executive council held in Washington last week. At that time the subcommittee wrote a letter to for a conference. It was dated Washington. Sept. 24, and was sent to the President at Oyster Bay, and is in part as follows: "The executive council of the American Federation of Labor is intrusted with the affairs of the general labor movement in the interim of national conventions and has ects of legislation in the interest of labor, several subjects which have been comic service and reinstated by your order as been submitted to us. Having these Marshalltown, Ia. facts in mind the executive committee has selected a subcommittee for the purpose of having an interview with you at which said D. M. Parry, "which allow no mar these matters may be gone over with you." The letter which was sent by Mr. Gompers then asked that an interview be acgagements required him to leave Washingon Tuesday evening, and that his presence at the interview was desired, that the President would set the time for the interview before his departure. The reply of he President was favorable to the request of Mr. Gompers and the interview was set

From the manner of the labor leaders as they came from the White House it was nt that they were not entirely satised with the result of their interview. They sellined to be interviewed, Mr. Gompers referring the reporters to the statement that would be given out by the President's cretary regarding the Miller case. While was talking one of his associates wished it to be impressed on the reporters that the President's statement should be understood by them to be an entirely "independent statement," and not as an answer to council's request. The council also brought to the attention of the President several matters of legislation in which it is interested. Among these were the enesentatives at the last session of Conss. The President, Mr. Gompers said, expressed himself as favorable to the prines of the short hour workday and his deep concern for the interest of the wage Mr Mitchell took luncheon with President to-day.

Hanged in Jail.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 29.—Peter enousky was hanged in the county jail is morning for the murder of Anthony

### ALSO GUILTY OF FRAUD.

Philippine Insurrecto Sentenced for

Forming Seditions Organization. MANILA, Sept. 29 .- Judge Sweeney, in sentencing Diminador Gomez to twenty-six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$500 for founding a seditious organization, recited the fact that out of \$400,000 collected by the Union Obrero only \$14,000 had been accounted for by Gomez. In addition to this he had sold stock in the concern, knowing that the union was insolvent. The real object of the conspirators, he said, was the overthrow of the government and to assist the ladrones in their

### RUNNING BOARD BROKE.

raids in the northern provinces.

Two Persons Seriously Hurt in a Peculiar Street-Car Accident.

M'KEESPORT, Pa., Sept. 29 .- Charles F. Taggart, aged thirty years, of Washington, D. C., and William Fitzgibbons, aged fifteen, of Pittsburg, were perhaps fatally hurt to-night in a peculiar street car accident. Taggart, Fitzgibbons and John Mc-Cartney, of Pittsburg, were stealing their way from Wilmerding to Pittsburg by standing on the inside running board of an open summer car, the curtains of which were down, hiding them from the conductor. While passing through East McKeesport the supports of the running board broke, throwing the three men directly in front of a swiftly moving car on the other track. McCarney escaped serious injury, but his companions are in the hospital in a badly battered condition. Taggart is not expected to survive the night and Fitzgibbons has only a slight chance for recovery.

### MR. SMALL AN ALARMIST

HE SAYS GERMANS WILL SOME DAY FIGHT AMERICANS.

Asserts They Are Determined to Expand Their Trade in South America and the Far East.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29 .- "In plain English, the attitude of the Germans toward us, the United States, is: 'We like you awfully, but we've got to fight you all the same.' This does not mean trade hampering, with tariff regulations. It means, sooner or

Prof. Albion W. Small, on arriving at the University of Chicago to-day, after a summer's tour through Europe, uttered these words, and gave as the reason for this German intention of provoking war with the United States Germany's desire for trade expansion in South America and the

As head of the department of sociology at the University of Chicago, Dr. Small has for several years studied the movements in the German empire. He was formerly a student at the universities at Berlin and Leipsig. On his recent mission Dr. Small of Labor, the President granted an inter- had abundant opportunity to talk with German business men, scholars and government

"The Germans are making extraordinary efforts to please the Americans, and if we want those efforts to continue we have not a minute to waste till we have a navy a little stronger than theirs," he said. "There is a tremendous undercurrent of belief in Germany that American prosperity means the ruin of Europe," continued Professor Small. "It was betrayed to me in casual conversations with many different types of

FEDERATION REPRESENTING ABOUT A BILLION DOLLARS' CAPITAL.

"Our Purpose Is to Call a Halt on the Present Methods Employed by Union Labor," Mr. Parry Says.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29 .- A federation of manufacturers' and employers' associations employing tens of thousands of skilled workmen and with a combined capital of the close. about a billion dollars was formed in the ous organizations protesting against the re- Auditorium Annex to-day. Plans were made for a general meeting of representatives of the employers' associations and citizens' alliances in Chicago the first week in November, when the National Employers' Association will be formed.

tion, acted as chairman of the preliminary meeting, and A. C. Marshall, of Dayton, O., as secretary. A call for this general meeting was left in the hands of Mr. Job. Mr. Marshall and E. G. Hornbrook, of Kansas

The object of this federation, as announced to-night, will be to protect and promote the interests of the employers and the independent workmen of the country by all legitimate means. The promoters of this national association are as follows: D. M. Parry, president of National Manufacturers' Association, Indianapolis; Frederick W. Job, secretary Chicago Employers' Association; E. F. Du Brul, commissioner National Trades Association, Cincinnati; John Kirby, jr. president Employers' Association, Dayton, O.; A. C. Marshall, secretary Employers' Association, Dayton, O.; E. G. Hornbrook received instructions regarding various sub- | secretary Employers' Association, Kansas City, Mo.: J. G. Craig, president Citizens' s well as of executive action. There are Alliance, Denver, Col.; J. F. Druckenmiller secretary Employers' Association, Akron. mitted to our care and which we desire to O.; Marshall Cushing, secretary National bring to your attention with the hope of Manufacturers' Association; Col. J. Westreceiving your sympathetic support. Then goodwin, secretary Citizens' Alliance, Seegain the controversy in the case of W. dalia, Mo.; P. O. Geier, National Metal A. Miller, who was dismissed from the Trade Association, Cincinnati; A. D. Meeker, secretary Employers' Association

"Our purpose is to call a halt on the present methods employed by union labor." the privilege of living unless he is a member of a labor organization. The 'open shop' is the foundation of this organizacorded the committee, and expressed the tion." It is the purpose of the new assoope that inasmuch as Mr. Mitchell's en- ciation to fight all strikes, boycotts, and other labor troubles in the courts.

## ARRESTED AT CHICAGO.

Express Agent Who Embezzled Funds

at Far Rockaway, L. I. CHICAGO, Sept. 29.-Detectives ended chase of three blocks last night by arresting Robert Stoddard Chatfield, said to be wanted at Far Rockaway, L. I., for embezzling \$6,000 from the American Express is composed of J. G. Butler, jr., president Company. Chatfield is alleged to have of the Bessemer Association; D. B. Meachbezzling \$6,000 from the American Express

NEW YORK, Sept. 29 .- Walter Stoddard Chatfield, who was arrested last night in Chicago at the request of the American Express Company, had been a trusted employe of the company in its office at Far Rockaway for five years. The officials here, in announcing the reward for his capture, nction bills which passed the house of refused to state the amount of his alleged

## Fatal Fire in a Sanatorium.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 29.—One per-son, G. C. Cary, of Wichita, was burned to death and five were injured in a fire that destroyed the private sanatorium of Dr. B. B. Ralph, a two-story frame build-ing, to-day. The flames spread so quickly that the inmates were unable to escape by the stairs and were forced to jump from striking feature is found in the fact that second story windows. Cary was suffoit is made up mainly of comparatively cated in his room. The injured, who were small disbursements. only cut and bruised, will recover,

## WALL STREET GUESSING.

They Want to Know the Cause of All the "Liquidation" Now Being Experienced.



CONDITIONS IN WALL STREET ARE GREATLY IMPROVED.

Liquidation and Further Shrinkage in Values Stopped by Heavy Purchases of Good Securities.

PENNSYLVANIA STOCKS

MADE A GAIN OF 3 3-4 POINTS ON BUYING OF 123,000 SHARES.

people, from one end of the country to the | Prominent Financial Interests Behind the Market-Demoralization in London-October Dividends.

> NEW YORK, Sept. 29 .- A very decided change came over to-day's stock market. In place of the recent heavy liquidations and further shrinkage of values, there was buy- Doors ing in large quantities apparently by the leading financial interests, though it was more than likely that a goodly part of the day's purchases were really in the nature of supporting orders. It is also probable that some of the high grade stocks were absorbed for investment. The bears were not slow to observe the changed conditions and covered very extensively, in fact their attitude helped, in no small degree, to sustain the list which was at top prices at made into offices for renting purposes.

Conditions at the outset were not encouraging. The cables reported a situation bordering on demoralization in London, where consols had fallen to another low record with heavy declines in the leading greatly marred the appearance and archi- State, and a brother of N. G. Gonzales, was voured the sweet stuff and were taken vio-Americans, notably the steel stocks. In-itial transactions in this market reflected which was the pivotal issue of the day. That stock was openly bought by interests that represent the road financially and on sales of more than 123,000 shares made a net gain of 3% points. The strength of this stock was the more noteworthy in view of the previous day's flerce drive against Other active and strong stocks included Union Pacific, Atchison, St. Paul, Erie, Reading and United States Steel preferred, all of which gained two points or Some of the specialties made greater advances but the bulk of the day's operations was limited to the issues named. A story went the rounds during the day that the leading financial interests had agreed to protect the market by united action. The story was denied in authoritative circles.

## Failure of Stock Brokers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29 .- The Consolidated Stock Exchange firm of Taylor & Mandeville suspended to-day. Failure of customers to meet their margins in yester-day's sharp break is believed to account for the failure. The firm is composed of Henry B. Taylor and J. Arthur Mandeville. Taylor was a member of the board of managers of the Consolidated Exchange.

May Be Shut Down to Prevent Fur-

FURNACES MAY CLOSE.

ther Overproduction

PITTSBURG, Sept. 29 .- One of the most important meetings of furnace owners ever held in this district was attended to-day by representatives of practically every firm in Pittsburg and the central West, including Wheeling, Cleveland, the Mahoning and the Shenango valleys. The meeting was called to take action

on the proposed shutdown of all stacks for overproduction. The meeting decided unanimously that a present overproduction exists and to overcome its effects a committee was appointed with power to act in the matter. The committee was instructed to make an even reduction of output at every furnace in the district. The committee appointed taken the money Sept. 6. He had \$575 when am, of Rogers, Brown & Co.; W. P. Snyder, of Pittsburg; D. J. Kerr, of the United States Steel Corporation, and A. W. Thompson, president of the Republic Iron and Steel Company. A report from this committee is expected in a few days.

## October Dividends.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29 .- Based upon th declarations thus far announced by in dustrial companies, the dividend payments in October will, it is calculated by the Journal of Commerce, reach \$19,593,296. This is an increase from the previous month of amout \$2,300,000, and nearly \$1,000,000 over the August disbursements. However, the amount is below the average monthly pay ments of the year previous to August While the October list is a long one, A regular quarterly dividend of 1% per

cent. of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company has been declared. The books close Oct. 5. The dividend is payable Oct. 20.

### AUSTRALIA IN A BAD WAY.

Earl of Lonsdale Says the Government

Is Topheavy and Expensive. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.-The Earl of Lonsdale has arrived on the steamer Ventura on his way home after making a tour of the world. He is accompanied by his wife, the Countess of Lonsdale, and a retinue of servants. During the past few months he has been traveling through the Orient and Australia, studying the social, political and industrial conditions. conditioins there, resulting from the political situation, are both unsatisfactory

In speaking of Australia he says that the and alarming. The Australian Parliament has enacted laws that are disastrous-stifling industry. The government, at the same time; is topheavy and overpaid. Instead of having one governor for each colony appointed by the crown, one governor general for the commonwealth ought to be sufficient head for the government.

# VANDALISM INBLACKFORD

UNAUTHORIZED DESTRUCTION OF BEAUTY OF THE COURTHOUSE.

and Windows Cut Through Stone Walls and Offices Leased Without Warrant.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Sept. 29.-Public indignation here is running high against the County Commissioners for permitting the new \$120,000 courthouse to be mutilated and great deal of criticism at the time, as it The commissioners also have leased anoth-

the windows at another lower floor room and erected a coal shute through it. When a stone mason went to work this morning to chisel away the window, E. M. Stahl, cashier of the Citizens' State Bank and one of the city's most prominent residents, appeared with Sheriff Morrical and ordered the mutilation stopped on the ground that it was unauthorized, and a destruction of the county's property. Commissioner George Willman, who made such a strenuous objection to the Phinney Band giving its concert on the courthouse lawn. when engaged by the business men, gave Burns permission to have the change made. As the work had not been authorized by the board, the sheriff stopped the work. The citizens and taxpayers object strongly to the mutilation of the structure, and they believe that none of the rooms should oe rented for office purposes. If the comlikely the citizens will stop the work by

# TRAGEDY IN THE STREET.

Jealous Salesman Shoots a Saleswoman and Himself.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29 .- Marie Jordan, saleswoman in a cloak store, was shot dead on the street to-day by Edward De La Brousse, who then fired a shot into his head, inflicting a wound which probably will prove fatal. They were both under thirty years of age. The tragedy was the result of jealousy. De La Brousse was salesman in a haberdashery.

Another Case of Jealousy. PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 29.-George Worthington Garwood, a wealthy coal

a period of thirty days to prevent further | broker, aged sixty-five years, to-day shot and killed Hilda Vogel, aged about twenty-two, and then killed himself in a room occupied by the couple at 131 Moultrie street. Jealousy was the cause. Garwood was a retired farmer living at California, Pa. His wife and nine children are still living. SIX PERSONS HURT.

Elevator in a Wholesale House Fell Three Stories at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 29 .- The cylinder of the hydraulic elevator at G. T. McAuley's wholesale millinery house blew out just after noon to-day, allowing the elevator to fall from the third floor to the basement. There were six employes in the car, and all were hurt. The injured: LOUISE SCHOEN, right leg broken, body

MRS. IDA NOYCE, left aukle sprained. badly shaken up EMILY DRAYER, bruised and shaken up JOHN B. DAVIS, bruised and shaken up. FLORA PLUMMER, body bruised, ARTHUR GAHAN, back sprained, badly bruised on face and hands.

BROTHER OF THE DEAD EDITOR TESTIFIES AGAINST TILLMAN.

Admits the Relations Between the Defendant and Late Editor of the State Were Not Pleasant.

TESTIMONY 0F PHYSICIANS

EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO INTRO-DUCE DYING STATEMENT.

Counsel for Defense Objects to Al Testimony Relating to the Carrying of Weapons.

LEXINGTON, S. C., Sept. 29.-Good speed was made to-day in the trial here of former Lieut. Gov. James H. Tillman, who is charged with the murder of N. G. Gonzales, editor of the State. A large number of witnesses were examined to-day. The crowd of spectators was not as large as yesterday. Mrs. J. H. Tillman and the defendant's mother occupied seats within the railing throughout the day.

One line of examination pursued to-day by the State was with a view to laying the foundation for the introduction of dying declarations. Four of the physicians who participated in the operation on Mr. Gon-Recently a wall of stone was cut through to | zales after he was shot were on the stand make a door to accommodate a renter. A to-day-Drs. Guerry, Pope, Taylor and window was cut down through the solid Griffith, all of Columbia. Much of the stone and made into a door. There was a | testimony of the physicians was technical. Ambrose E. Gonzales, publisher of the that had been thrown out. They deby the counsel, to introduce the editorials er room for a gas office and boarded up in the State newspaper, of which N. G. Gonzales was editor from July 1, 1902, to Dec. 31, 1902. The editorials in question are in relation to James H. Tillman. Reading of the editorials was postponed so that counsel for the defense might read them On cross-examination Mr. Gonzales was asked by counsel for the defense: "The

relations between your brother and Mr. Tillman have not been pleasant for some years have they? He replied: "They have not been pleas"

WROTE ALL HE SAID. Mr. Gonzales was asked on further crossexamination by the defense if he had not heard his brother express himself in denunciatory language in relation to Mr. Tillman, to which the witness replied: "I cannot say I ever heard him use such language in the office. I think everything he said, not everything he knew or believed. but everything he said to his relatives or friends, he said in the State newspaper so that all could know."

In reply to further questions Mr. Gonzales said he could not say that he knew his brother to have entertained bitter feelings toward J. H. Tillman, nor could he say that he knew his brother's feelings toward the defendant to have been hostile. His brother had been, he said, in control of the editorials and his brother wrote them without consultation. W .B. Gause, a member of the Legislature from Florence county, was asked if he had

heard Mr. Tillman when he met him in Columbia during the last session of the Legislature, say anything about Mr. Gonzales's editorials, to which witness replied that he met Colonel Tillman on the street and when some one asked Colonel Tillman where he was stopping, he replied: "I don't know that I am stopping anywhere. I stuck those editorials of the State in my pocket and told my wife I might stop at the pen. On cross-examination the witness said he did not take the remark seriously. It de-

who followed Dr. Guerry on the stand, that

the State was laying the foundation for by Mr. Gonzales. Under objection, the statement by Dr. Pope that he heard Mr. Gonzales say "I am killed." was admitted. but the court said later that, when ruling on other questions, he would let it stand or instruct the jury to disregard it The defense objected to all the testimony relating to the carrying of a pistol by the defendant prior to the shooting, unless it could be shown that there was a connection between the carrying at that time and the shooting. The court admitted the testimony with the provisions that if it was not developed that it was competent the jury would be instructed to disregard it. SAW PISTOL IN TILLMAN'S POCKET. Dr. S. T. B. Lancaster, a member of the Legislature from Spartanburg, testified that he saw a pistol in Mr. Tillman's pocket on the day previous to the shooting.

Two boys, C. V. Zimmerman and Francis

### YELLOW FEVER SPREADING.

Thirty-Seven Cases Reported. LAREDO, Tex., Sept. 29.-The yellow fever situation here is beginning to assume a very grave phase. There are now in this city thirty-seven cases of fever; sixteen have been pronounced genuine by the Marine Hospital Service experts in charge, ten cases have been pronounced suspicious and eleven new cases have been reported to-day, some of which have been announced as genuine and others as suspicious. Among these cases is one which the doctors say is yellow fever in its worst form. The majority of the cases are confined to a certain district of the city, with the exception of some of the new cases which have been reported to-day. The work of placing the city in a perfect sanitary condition is being effectively and scientifically brought about under the direction of the yellow fever experts who are on the ground. second detention camp has been established at Cactus, a station on the line of the International & Great Northern, about fifteen miles from Laredo.

The conditions in Nuevo Laredo are not very encouraging. One death resulted today. It is impossible to learn from the Mexican authorities how many cases exist in Nuevo Laredo, but it is known that there is a very large number. Among the cases that were reported very grave to-day is that of United States Vice Consul Kim-

### Prisoners Released.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 29.-Federal Judge Burns to-day made an order releasing all the federal prisoners held in the county PAST OFFICIAL RECORD TOO GREAT jail at Laredo, the yellow fever being the reason. The most of the prisoners were held on charges of smuggling. Several were held as witnesses.

## RETAIL GROCERS COMBINE

ORGANIZE TO FIGHT THE WHOLE-SALE COMBINATION.

Will Establish a Jobbing House-C. L. Norris, of Anderson, and Other Indianians Are Directors.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29 .- A combination was the speech that launched him into the of grocers in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, campaign and it did not fail to convince with a capital of \$3,000,000 was organized by its force and the manner of delivery. here to-day by the election of the follow- Secretary Storms and Mayor Bookwalter ing directors: C. L. Norris, Anderson, Ind.; were the principal speakers of the meeting Enos Porter, Shelbyville, Ind.; J. McCoy, which was held under the Bookwalter tent Osgood, Ind.; J. B. Drew, Covington, Ky.; at the corner of Roosevelt and Seventeenth L. L. Creasy, Cincinnati; Stephen Tuch- streets and was attended by perhaps 400 farber, Cincinnati, and Daniel Charles, of voters. Harry E. Negley, councilman of

This combination is composed of retail of the best that has yet been held. The men, some of them having as many as night was just cold enough to make the fifty or more stores, and its announced | words of the speaker sharp and clear cut purpose is to protect itself from the and to keep the blood of the listeners combination of wholesale grocers in a-tingle. At the close of the meeting Mr. the Middle States recently organized Storms said that it was the finest audience under a New Jersey incorporation. It was he had ever seen at an outdoor political announced that a large wholesale jobbing house would be established here for the distribution of goods to hundreds of retailers. The organizers announce that they will seek to maintain a uniform price in retailing as well as to protect themselves

from higher jobbing rates. The executive committee of the Retail Grocers' Association elected to-night the following officers: President, Enos Porter, Shelbyville, Ind.; secretary, Daniel Charles, Hamilton, O.; treasurer, S. Tuchfarber,

## FOUR CHILDREN POISONED

ONE IS DEAD AND THE OTHER

THREE CANNOT RECOVER.

Found a Plate of Poisoned Candy a the Rear of a Kokomo Grocery-Much Indignation Aroused.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Ind., Sept. 29 .- One boy is dead and three others are at the point of death to-night as the result of arsenical poisoning. They are the sons of John Gee and

three to seven years. The boys were playing at the rear of a grocery, where they found a plate of candy There is much indignation over the affair, as, while there is nothing to indicate that the candy was placed where it was found with the intent to poison the children. it is evident that only criminal carelessness could have resulted in to-night's tragedy if the element of intent be eliminated. The children are Willie and Robbie Gee. aged five and three, sons of John Gee, and Victor and Rice Metzker, aged seven and five, sons of John Metzker. Willie Gee is dead. The fathers are plate glass workers and the store is near their home. The gro-Clover. All the children ate about the same quantity of the poisoned taffy. Coroner Harrison is making a thorough investigation and if it develops that the

### Killed by Eating Paris Green. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

guilty one.

poisoning was deliberate prompt action will

be taken by the officers to ferret out the

WABASH, Ind., Sept. 29 .- The little son of Bert Havens, living in the northern part of the city, died last night as the result of eating Paris green, which was on a head of cabbage bought of a grocer, and left within reach of the child by the delivery

## DROPPED SIX STORIES.

Maj. S. W. Hay Killed by Falling Down an Elevator Shaft.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 29 .- Maj. Samuel W. Hay met instant death this evening by falling from the fourth floor of the Arrott building through the elevator shaft to the basement, making a drop of six stories. Major Hay, who is a member of one of thing a second thought. Be sure of fair Pittsburg's oldest families, was in the building on business and as he stepped from the elevator at the fourth floor it is said the cage was started before he was entirely cut. His foot slipped through the opening between the car and the floor and as the elevator ascended his body dropped to the bottom.

veloped during the examination of Dr. Pope Major Hay was a veteran of the civil and the Spanish-American wars. During the the introduction of dying statements made latter war he was commissioner of staffs of Major Generals Young, Davis and

### Wheeler. PULLED UP A MAN'S BODY.

Grewsome Catch of a Fisherman at Lake Chautauqua.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 29 .- F. W. Hinkle, of Cincinnati, while fishing Chautauqua lake to-day, felt a tug on his line and upon pulling the hook to the surface was horrified to find the body of a man. The body was later identified as Agron Spencer, fifty years old, a resident

The discovery of the body points to another probable tragedy as Spencer left Lakewood Sunday in company with Fred Metcalfe, of Boomertown. Metcalfe has (CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 1.) | not since been seen.

SECRETARY OF STATE HEARD AT A

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

Commends Mayor Bookwalter's Administration and Gives Rensons for So Doing.

### IN THE FIRST WARD

SEVERAL HUNDRED VOTERS OUT TO HEAR THE SPEECHES.

Mayor Bookwalter Gets Inspiration from the Cheers of Some Small Boys in the Crowd.

### HOLTZMAN AT MOUNT JACKSON

A TASK TO TACKLE.

Chairman Newlin Peevish Because the Ministers Did Not Indorse His Candidate-Political News.

"Did you ever hear of a Griswold or a Metzler on the stone pile during the adm nistration of Thomas Taggart? They were here-these dives were in the citybut no one ever heard of their keepers be-

ing in the workhouse." This was but one of the many pointed statements of Daniel E. Storms, secretary of state, in his speech at the Republican meeting in the First ward last night. It the ward, presided. The meeting was one

meeting STORMS WELL RECEIVED.

Mr. Storms's introduction was received

with applause. He first dwelt on the moral condition of the city, showing how it was better than the administration of Mr. Taggart by comparing conditions that existed then and now. He maintained that the city's interests had been properly and honestly protected and said he believed before the thirteenth of next month every fair minded and right thinking citizen of the city would be of the same opinion. Mr. Bookwalter's administration, he declared had not been one of debt-making, and with two more years of his administration there was every reason to believe that the city would be entirely out of debt. There was no one but must admit that his record is a good one and a great one, and that he has brought about reform to the extent of any man's ability under similar conditions. "But," he continued, "our friends of the other party charge that there has been laxity in the enforcement of laws under the present administration, that we have a wide open town, that the city officials are corrupt. But let us investigate for ourselves. Has the city, under the rule of Mayor Bookwalter, been wide open? During the administration of Mr. Taggart, we will have to admit the town was much more 'wide open,' because there was gambling and roulette wheels and crap games and policy runners. But the record of Mayor Bookwalter shows that these violations of the law do not exist; it shows that Mayor Bookwalter has done his John Metzker, and their ages range from | best to suppress crime. It is practically impossible to suppress these vices altogether, but the records show that great good has been done. And then, our encmies charge the administration with the buying and selling of office. They allege the system is corrupt, but they have not been able to put their finger on a single tecture of the beautiful structure. Prose- called to the stand when the solicitor of- lently sick, all going into spasms. Coroner man that is corrupt. They did put their Association will be formed.

The tone of that in London, but after the first few minutes the market reversed its tion, acted as chairman of the preliminary of the preliminary of the preliminary.

The tone of that in London, but after the cutor John Burns has rented the east fered in the evidence the files of the State first few minutes the market reversed its room on the ground floor for a law office.

The tone of that in London, but after the cutor John Burns has rented the east fered in the evidence the files of the State fraction. The cutor John Burns has rented the east formed.

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The tone of the Gee boys died to get out of for some time to come. Their charges don't stand the light of investigation. Just because they say a man is bad, doesn't make him bad. Just because they say the city administration is corrupt, doesn't make it corrupt. Just because they publish charges that defame you and your family and the city, it

doesn't stand that they are true. SORRY ABOUT IT. "I was sorry to know that Mr. Holtzman lignified the charges in his keynote speech. He said that it was a fact that the policy cery is owned and managed by William, of the city administration was to allow the city to run 'wide open.' Did you ever hear of the men who ran wide open places under the administration of Mr. Taggart? Mr. Holtzman's speech records violations of law, extravagant in the levying of taxes and the spending of them, grafts, pulls and inefficient methods in business matters. When the record of the adm istration points to the contrary we have a right to inquire into the record. Mr. Storms then reviewed Mayor Bookwalter's record and compared it with the record of Mr. Holtzman while the latter was prosecuting attorney. "Now," he continued, "taking the two records of the two men, and judging the men from their records, say for whom you are going to vote. But the Indianapolis News and the Sentinel say Mr. Holtzman's record is not an issue. Why isn't it? How are you going to know how to vote unless you know the past records of the candidates? You may be sure if the records were reversed it would be in the Issue, and it would be magnified one thousand times, as they have magnified everything else.
"Mayor Bookwalter did not put thirty-

> 'Mayor Bookwalter has a splendid record as a business administration, Mr. Holtzman's record does not indicate that he is going to bring about a millenium when elected mayor. I understand he quotes a great deal from Lincoln and he has been introduced as 'Honest John.' It will not be long before he will be introduced as

> five years of his maniy, honest, upright

life behind his back to become a rascal and

a traitor to his party. They may throw

dust all about the camp, but give every-

MINISTERS MISGUIDED. "But how about the ministers of the city? They mean all right and are trying to do the best, but they are going to take unto themselves a gold brick-that is, can they look for reform under Keach and his retinue? What is there about them that makes you think you are going to start an era of reform, Mr. Ministers, by electing them? Do you suppose that when Keach is in power the ministers will be called. They

who has stood for them. "If you only knew the opinion of your city over the State, due to the slander in the newspapers that go to all parts of it, you should consider it your duty to rebuke

won't, so they had better stand by the man

this condition of affairs. "This is a clean city, it is a good city and it is a great city. I am for Mayor Book-CONTINUED ON PAGE 7, COL 14